## Answers to Scholastic National Curriculum Maths Practice Book for Year 6

The answers are given below. They are referenced by page number and where applicable, question number.

The answers usually only include the information the children are expected to give.

There may be some places where the answers vary or multiple answers are acceptable, these are marked as such.

Page	Question	Answers
number	number	
6–7	Ια	601
	lb	4009
	lc	20,603
	Id	1,620,491
	le	407,107
	lf	26,300
	lд	300,000
	lh	4900
	li	2,407,583
	lj	53,724
	lk	80,005
	II	610
	lm	80,500
	In	20,630
	lo	4090
	<b>2</b> a	Three thousand and twenty
	2b	Eight thousand, two hundred
	<b>2</b> c	Twenty-seven thousand, five hundred and six
	2d	Seven hundred and eight thousand and ninety
	<b>2</b> e	Four million, seven hundred and eighty thousand, nine hundred and nine
	3а	1275
	3b	40,089
	3c	269,700
	4a	0.3
	4b	0.05
	4c	0.012
	4d	0.8
	4e	0.2
	4f	0.23
	4g	0.2
	4h	0.4

Page number	Question number	Answers
8	Ιa	Answers will vary.
	Ιb	Answers will vary.
	lc	Answers will vary.
	<b>2</b> a	<
	2b	>
	<b>2</b> c	=
	2d	=
	<b>2</b> e	<
	2f	<
	3	9875, 9750, 9625, 9500, 9375, 9250, 9125
9	Ιa	£4300
		£36,700
		£843,000
		£900
	lb	I 000km
		3000km
		9000km
		484,000km
	lc	50,000 miles
		460,000 miles
		790,000 miles
		850,000 miles
	2a	85cm
	2b	444cm
	2c	790cm
	3a	I 000kg
	3b	44,000kg
	3c	102,000kg
	4a	Answers will vary.
	4b	Answers will vary.
	4с	Answers will vary.
	4d	Answers will vary.
10	Ιa	-2
	lb	-4
	lc	-6
	Ιd	0, 3, 6
	le	-2, -6, -10
	lf	6, 4, 2, 0, -1, -3
	lg	_8, _4, _2, 0, 5, 7
	lh	_8, I, 4

Page number	Question number	Answers
11	I	L <sub>+</sub>
	2α	-6
	2b	3
	2c	_l <sub>+</sub>
	2d	<b>-</b> 7
	2e	-8
	3а	12
	3b	6
	3c	16
	3d	9
	3e	5
	3f	15
	3g	6
	3h	17
	4a	<
	4b	>
	4с	>
	4d	>
	4e	>
	4f	>
12	I	$60 \times 60 = 3600, 70 \times 70 = 4900$
	2	50 × 50 = 2500, 60 × 60 = 3600, 70 × 70 = 4900, 80 × 80 = 6400, 90 × 90 = 8100, 100 × 100 = 10,000
13	Ια	500,000
	lb	£2,500,000
	lc	£5,250,000
	ld	£6,500,000
	le	445,000,000km
	2a	5,500,000
	2b	300,000
	<b>2</b> c	7,250,000
	3a	1,200,000
	3b	6,700,000
	3c	4,450,000
	4a	60,000
	4b	4,000,000
	4с	100
	4d	200,000
	4e	7
	4f	10,000,000

Page number	Question number		Answ	vers .						
14	I-2	Club	Ground	Capacity	Nearest 1000	Nearest 10,000				
		Manchester Utd	Old Trafford	75,731	76,000	80,000				
		Arsenal	Emirates Stadium	60,362	60,000	60,000				
		Newcastle Utd	St. James Park	48,707	49,000	50,000				
		Manchester City	Etihad Stadium	47,405	47,000	50000				
		Liverpool FC	Anfield	45,276	45,000	50,000				
		Aston Villa	Villa Park	42,785	43,000	40,000				
		Chelsea FC	Stamford Bridge	41,798	42,000	40,000				
		Everton FC	Goodison Park	39,571	40,000	40,000				
		Tottenham Hotspur	White Hart Lane	36,284	36,000	40,000				
		West Ham Utd	Upton Park	35,016	35,000	40,000				
	3	Old Trafford and Etihad = 123,000								
		Anfield and Stamfo	ord Bridge = 87,000	o						
		Emirates Stadium o	and Villa Park = 10	3,000						
		St. James Park and	Old Trafford = $12^{12}$	4,000						
		Goodison Park, Wh	nite Hart Lane and	Upton Park	= 111,000					
15	I	34m, 28m, 42m, 1	08m, 99m, 62m, 1	l5m						
	2	7.5m, 9.1m, 11.3m	n, 12.4m, 14.3m, 15	5.3m, 15.7m	n, 17.2m					
16	I	47°C								
	2	-21°C								
		39°C								
		60°C								
	3	82°C								

Page number	Question number	Answers								
17	I	In the black In the red								
		a. David earns £7.82, spends £2.19								
		b. Lucy earns £3.61, spends £5.92								
		c. Ahmed saves £8.12, spends £3.05								
		d. Ruth earns £5.80, spends £10.07								
		e. Sanjay earns £0.00, spends £5.10								
		f. Mary saves £12.00, spends £15.34								
	2α	£14 - £25 = £-11								
	2b	f-12 + f18 = f6								
	2c	$f_{-30} + f_{25} = f_{-5}$								
	<b>2</b> d	£50 - £35 = £15								
	2e	£48 - £54 = £-6								
	2f	$f_{-18} + f_{12.50} = f_{-5.50}$								
18	I	$2 \times 32 = 64, 4 \times 16, 8 \times 8 = 64$								
	2	$1 \times 6.4 = 6.4, 2 \times 3.2 = 6.4, 4 \times 1.6 = 6.4, 8 \times 0.8 = 6.4$								
		$0.1 \times 64 = 6.4, 0.2 \times 32 = 6.4, 0.4 \times 16 = 6.4, 0.8 \times 8 = 6.4$								
		$64 \div 10 = 6.4, 6.4 \div 2 = 3.2, 6.4 \div 4 = 1.6, 6.4 \div 8 = 0.8,$								
		$64 \div 6.4 = 10, 6.4 \div 3.2 = 2, 6.4 \div 1.6 = 4, 6.4 \div 0.8 = 8$								
	3	$1 \times 0.64 = 0.64, 2 \times 0.32 = 0.64, 4 \times 0.16 = 0.64, 8 \times 0.08 = 0.64$								
		$0.64 \div 1 = 0.64, 0.64 \div 2 = 0.32, 0.64 \div 4 = 0.16, 0.64 \div 8 = 0.08$								
19	I	32 = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32								
		19 = 1,(19)								
		72 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 72								
		83 = 1,83								
		53 = 1,53								
		37 = 1,37								
		4  =  ,(4 )								
		28 = 1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 28								
		67 = 1,67								
		96 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 32, 48, 96								
	2	$48 = 3 \times 2^2 \times 2^2$								
		$72 = 3^2 \times 2^3$								
		$80 = 5 \times 2^2 \times 2^2$								
		$56 = 2^3 \times 7$								
	<u> </u>	I								

Page number	Question number	Answers
20	I	24 = 2, 3
		42 = 2, 3, 7
	2	$24 \times 42 = 7 \times 2 \times 3^2 \times 2^3 = 1008$
	3	$48 \times 42 = 7 \times 3^2 \times 2^3 \times 2^2 = 2016$
		$64 \times 28 = 7 \times 2^3 \times 2^3 \times 2^2 = 1792$
		$54 \times 32 = 3^3 \times 2^3 \times 2^3 = 1728$
21	I	4, 8, 9, 25, 27
	2	Answers will vary.
	3	Answer will vary – numbers with distinct prime factors are 32, 49.
22	lα	Because it is divisible by 2 and 3 or because it had 2 and 3 as its prime factors so is divisible by 6.
	lb	No it's 12,579
	lc	Yes because £21 $\times$ 12 = 252 so £20.99 $\times$ 12 is approximately £250
	ld	10
	le	
	lf	If the last 3 digits are divisible by 8, for example, 032, then it is divisible by 8 so you are not correct.
	lg	Use the inverse, for example: Add 10,779 and 31,989 to check they equal 42,768
	lh	$6 \times 219 = 1314$ so $1308 \div 6$ cannot be 219. (It's actually 218)
23	la	9, (16) 18, (32) 38, (40)
	lb	6, 22, 35, 48, 53, 62
	lc	64) 79, 82, (88) 98, 100
	<b>2</b> a	14, (18), 22, 25, (30), 38
	<b>2</b> b	(12) 19, (24) 31, (36) 44
	2c	42) 49, 54) 62, 70, 72)
	3а	12) 14, 21) 25, 28, 33
	3b	21) 29, 34, 36) 40, 48
	3c	62, 75) 79, 84, 87 93
	4a	26, 38, 45, 54, 68, 72
	4b	105, 108) (44) 158, 172, 190
	4с	426, 532, 702, 833, 920, 9783
24–25	la	13,932
	lb	12,292
	lc 	72,286
	l d	199,875
	le	274,400
	lf	574,209
	lg Ih	219,146 554,904
	In	JJ4,7U4

Page number	Question number	Answers
26	I	Answers will vary, accept any reasonable estimate.
	2	Look for ideas including finding the amount of bread eaten in a year and then strategies to multiple by 25.
	3	Answers will vary, check long multiplication method used.
	4	Answers will vary.
	5	Answers will vary.
27	Ιa	£1524
	lb	£11,875
	lc	£47,104
	Id	£92,385
	le	£128,100
28–29	Ιa	47
	lb	75
	lc	194
	Id	126
	le	234
	lf	112
30	Ιa	13
	lb	30
	lc	32
	ld	11
	le	19
31	Ια	£23
	lb	£26
	lc	£14
	<b>2</b> a	£17
	2b	f21
	2c	£33
32–33	Ιa	24
	lb	34
	lc	58
	ld	65
	le	$47\frac{8}{16}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$
	lf	$38\frac{8}{24} \text{ or } \frac{3}{4}$
	lg	$47\frac{6}{18}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$
	lh	$68\frac{10}{15}$ or $\frac{2}{3}$
34		Answers will vary. For example, 894 ÷ 6 = 149
35	Ια	102
	lb	76
	lc	216
	Ιd	125
	le	219

Page number	Question number	Answers
36	Ια	1337
	lb	2888
	lc	8716
	Id	6695
	le	2326km
	lf	5459kg
	lд	£11,142
	lh	7050ml or 7.05l
	<b>2</b> a	£10
	2b	6672
	<b>2</b> c	1,006,110
37	Ιa	638 + 500 - 21 = 1138 - 21 = 1117
	lb	914 + 600 - 13 = 1514 - 13 = 1501
	lc	4523 – 2800 + 9 = 1723 + 9 = 1732
	Id	3746 + 9000 – 27 = 12746 – 27 = 12,719
	<b>2</b> a	£5276
	2b	1744cm
	3а	283 + 558 = 283 + 600 - <b>30</b> = <b>853</b> - 12 = 841
	3b	837 - 589 = <b>837</b> - 600 +     = 237 + <b>    = 248</b>
	3c	568 + <b>490</b> = 568 + 500 - 10 = <b>1068</b> - <b>10</b> = 1058
38	Ιa	500 + 200 + 80 + 30 + 7 + 4 = 821
	lb	600 + 100 + 60 + 40 + 8 + 2 = 810
	<b>2</b> a	386 + 14 + 533 = 400 + 533 = 933
	2b	584 + 16 = 600 + 327 = 927
	2c	887 + 13 + 99 = 900 + 99 = 999
	За	$(50 \times 7) + (9 \times 7) = 350 + 63 = 413$
	3b	$(79 \times 10) + (70 \times 7) + (9 \times 7) = 790 + 490 + 63 = 1343$
	3c	$(96 \times 10) + (90 \times 9) + (6 \times 9) = 960 + 810 + 54 = 1824$
	3d	$(70 \times 6) + (8 \times 6) = 420 + 48 = 468$
39	Ια	345
	lb	490
	lc	945
	ld	1750
	le	1920
	lf	1936
	lg	4050
	<b>2</b> a	16,300
	2b	24,250
	2c	1300
	2d	1600

Page	Question	Answers
number	number	Allsweis
40	Ιa	H
	lb	3
	lc	12
	Id	24
	<b>2</b> a	$2 + (4 \times 3) = 14$
	2b	$(5 + 4) \times 3 = 27$
	2c	$(10-3) \times 3 = 21$
	<b>2</b> d	$(14 + 4) \div 2 = 9$
	<b>2</b> e	$12 \div (3 + 1) = 3$
	2f	$24 \div (2 + 4) = 4$
	За	$(14 + 6) \div 5 = 4$
	3b	$(8 \times 3) - 12 = 12$
	3с	$(30 \div 6) + 2 = 7$
	3d	$(3 \times 2) - 4 = 2$
	4a	16
	4b	3
	4c	3
	4d	47
41	Ιa	I 2m
	lb	39km
	lc	£2265
	١d	£7.68
	le	Six hundred and fifty thousand
	lf	10
	lg	28
	l h	120
	li	3
	<b>2</b> a	5 × (5 + 2) = 35
	2b	$10 \times (8 + 6) = 140$
	2c	$20 - (3 \times 4) = 8$
	2d	$4 \times (4 + 3) - 2 = 26$

Page number	Question number			Answer	S		
42	Ιa	27					
	lb	8					
	lc	£38					
	ld	(240 ÷ 3) – (12 +	44) = 24				
	le	10					
	lf	87					
	lg	(83 – 18) + (33 ÷	3) = 76				
	l h	2					
	li	81					
	lj	73					
	lk	32					
	Π	(13 × 5) – 14 – 12	<b>–</b> 15				
	<b>2</b> a	12,050					
	2b	274					
43	lα	2					
	lb	11					
	lc	58					
	۱d	100					
	le	4					
	lf	11					
	lg	9					
	lh	206p					
	li	100					
	lj	19					
	lk	111					
	II	78					
	<b>2</b> a	4500					
	2b	2812					
	2c	980					
	2d	75					
44	I	<b>b.</b> 5, 35	175	400	80	59	
		<b>c.</b> 25, 12	300	525	105	84	
		d. 7, 55	385	610	122	101	
		<b>e.</b> 75, 5	375	600	120	99	
		<b>f.</b> 3, 65	195	420	84	63	
		g. 32, 5	160	385	77	56	
		h. 10, 17	170	395	79	58	
	2	Answers will vary.					

Page	Question					Answ	ors			
number	number					Allsv	CIS			
45	lb	180								
	lc 	999								
	ld		1005							
	le	21	21							
	2b–j	b.	58, 84	140		12	0	60		300
		c.	82, 78	160		14	0	70		350
		d.	69, 81	150		13	0	65		325
		e.	97, 93	190		17	0	85		425
		f.	36, 48	84		6ı	+	32		160
		g.	29, 35	64		41	+	22		110
		h.	59, 17	76		56	5	28		140
		i.	24, 68	92		72	2	36		180
		j.	35, 27	62		42	2	21		105
46										
			Amount	5р		I 6p	<b>2</b> 3p		Workings	
			30p	6				6 × 5 = 30		5 = 30
		31p		3		I		(3 × 5) + I		+ 16 = 31
		32p				2			2 ×	16 = 32
		33р		2			I	(2	2 × 5)	+ 23 = 33
			34р	-		-	-			
			35р	7					7 ×	5 = 35
			36р	4		I		(1	+ × 5)	+ 16 = 36
			3 <b>7</b> p	I		2		(2	2 × 10	5) + 5 = 37
			38p	3			I	I (3 × 5) + 23 = 38		+ 23 = 38
			39p			I I			16 + 23 = 39	
			40p	8					8 ×	5 = 40
47	2α	57 +	29 + 63	= 149 + Em	nma':	s cards	= Ansv	vers will	vary	
	2b		vers will vo minutes	ary. For exa	mple	e, Maths	= 60	minutes (	daily	so 60 × 5 =
	2c	Ansv	vers will vo	ary e.g. Pens	s = 5	so 345	5 ÷ 5 =	69 shee	p pe	r pen
	2d	Ansv = 25	vers will vo 500 + 2000	ary e.g. Swir 0 = 4500m	ns I	000m a	t week	end so (5	5x50	0) + (2×1000)

£1527					
£1585					
No					
10 7					

Page number	Question number	Answers
56	Ια	253 + <u>647</u> 900 3 + 7 = 10 so the sum must end in 0
	Ιb	3476 + <u>1885</u> 5361 added too many carries on to the 100s column
	lc	471.3 + <u>526.4</u> 997.7 has forgotten to add the carried over 100
	ld	732 - 329 403  has forgotten that you will have exchanged one 10 into ten 1s to make it 12 - 9 = 3 and leave 2 in the 10s column.
	le	89.52 - 16.68 72.84  due to exchanging, you should do 8 – 6 in the units/ones column = 2 and 80 – 10 = 70 not 60
	lf	£50.00 $- £29.99$ £20.01  they have forgotten that they would have to exchange I tenth to IO hundredths in order to subtract 9 from it, meaning that the tenths column is $9 - 9 = 0$
57	Ια	8
	lb	5
	lc	7
	Id	6
	le	2
	lf	5
58	I	5%  of  £13 = £0.65  each
	2	£52.00 - 35.10 = £16.90
	<b>3</b> a	£10.50
	3b	£22.85
59	I	£280
	2	£168
	3	£160
	4	£190

Page number	Question number	Answers
60-61	la	1, 2
	lb	1, 2, 4
	lc	1, 2,
	١d	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12
	le	1, 2, 4
	lf	1, 3, 5, 15
	l g	1, 2
	lh	1, 2, 5, 10
	<b>2</b> a	3
	2b	10
	2c	5
	2d	14
	<b>2</b> e	4
	2f	16
	2g	6
	2h	20
	3а	3 4
	3b	$\frac{1}{2}$
	3c	1/3
	3d	3 5 2 3
	3e	$\frac{2}{3}$
	3f	3 5
	3g	1/3
	3h	<u>5</u>
	3i	
	3 <u>j</u>	$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{9}{10}$
	3k	4 9
	3l	19 20
	4a	6
	4b	$1\frac{1}{9}$
	4с	$I = \frac{1}{5} \text{ or } \frac{6}{5}$
	4d	4 5
	4e	$9\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{19}{2}$
	4f	$2\frac{3}{5}$ or $\frac{13}{5}$
	4g	$4\frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{13}{3}$
	4h	4 4 or 17

Page	Question	Answers
number	number	
62	Ιa	$\frac{1}{2} < \frac{5}{8}$
	lb	$\frac{3}{5} < \frac{2}{3}$
	lc	$\frac{2}{3} < \frac{3}{4}$
	Ιd	$\frac{4}{5} > \frac{3}{4}$
	le	$\frac{5}{6} > \frac{7}{9}$
	lf	$\frac{4}{5} > \frac{9}{20}$
	lg	$\frac{7}{10} > \frac{9}{20}$
	lh	$\frac{7}{8} < \frac{11}{12}$
	<b>2</b> a	$\frac{1}{6}$ , $\frac{2}{3}$ , $\frac{3}{4}$
	2b	$\frac{5}{9}$ , $\frac{11}{18}$ , $\frac{2}{3}$
	2c	$\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{7}{12}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$
	2d	$\frac{1}{4}$ , $\frac{5}{12}$ , $\frac{2}{3}$
63		$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{5}{10}$ $\frac{8}{8} = \frac{10}{10}$
		$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{16}$ $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{35}{40}$
		$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{8}$ $\frac{6}{16} = \frac{12}{32}$
		$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{10}{25}$ $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{15}$
64	Ιa	$\frac{8}{10} + \frac{7}{10} = \frac{15}{10} = \frac{3}{2}$
	lb	$\frac{4}{8} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$
	lc	$\frac{5}{10} - \frac{3}{10} = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$
	١d	$\frac{8}{10} + \frac{5}{10} = \frac{13}{10}$
	le	$\frac{7}{12} + \frac{9}{12} = \frac{16}{12} \text{ or } \frac{4}{3}$
	lf	$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{2}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$
	lg	$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{6}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$
	l h	$\frac{8}{12} + \frac{9}{12} = \frac{17}{12}$
	li	$\frac{5}{10} + \frac{6}{10} = \frac{11}{10}$
	lj	$\frac{15}{24} + \frac{14}{24} = \frac{29}{24}$
	lk	$\frac{3}{6} - \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$
	Ιl	$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{6}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$
	lm	$\frac{11}{12} - \frac{3}{12} = \frac{8}{12} \text{ or } \frac{2}{3}$

Page number	Question number	Answers
65	lα	$5\frac{3}{8}$ or $\frac{43}{8}$
	lb	5
	lc	$5\frac{7}{8}$ or $\frac{39}{8}$
	ld	2 4
	le	$4\frac{1}{20}$ or $\frac{81}{20}$
	lf	$1\frac{3}{8}$ or $\frac{11}{8}$
	lg	$8\frac{13}{24}$ or $\frac{205}{24}$
	l h	$2\frac{1}{8} \text{ or } \frac{17}{8}$
	li	$4\frac{13}{20} \text{ or } \frac{93}{20}$
	lj	$2\frac{9}{20} \text{ or } \frac{49}{20}$
	lk	$8\frac{11}{18}$ or $\frac{115}{18}$
	П	$2\frac{2}{15}$ or $\frac{32}{15}$
66–67	Ια	$\frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$
	lb	$\frac{3}{48} = \frac{1}{16}$
	lc	$\frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$
	ld	$\frac{20}{80} = \frac{1}{4}$
	le	$\frac{12}{72} = \frac{1}{6}$
	lf	$\frac{20}{60} = \frac{1}{3}$
	lg	$\frac{9}{30} = \frac{3}{10}$
	lh	$\frac{6}{20} = \frac{3}{10}$
	li	$\frac{10}{20} = \frac{1}{2}$
	lj	$\frac{15}{10} = \frac{3}{2} \text{ or }   \frac{1}{2}$
	lk	$\frac{28}{28} = 1$
	Ιl	$\frac{77}{44} = \frac{7}{4} \text{ or }   \frac{3}{4}$
	lm	3
	In	$\frac{24}{6} = 4$
	lo	$\frac{9}{2}$ or $4\frac{1}{2}$
	lр	$\frac{72}{12} = 6$
	Ιq	$\frac{79}{28} = 2\frac{1}{2}$
	lr	$\frac{63}{24} = 2\frac{5}{8}$
	ls	$\frac{45}{20}$ or $\frac{9}{4}$ or $2\frac{1}{4}$
	lt	$\frac{42}{10}$ or $4\frac{2}{10}$ or $4\frac{1}{5}$

Page number	Question number	Answers
68	la	$\frac{1}{6}$
	lb	<del>                                    </del>
	lc	$\frac{1}{12}$
	Id	$\frac{1}{10}$
	le	1 28
	lf	
	lg	5   81
	Ih	$\frac{1}{8}$
	 li	8   1   16
	 	16   1
	lk	1
	Il	1 <u>1</u>
69	11	Check the matches that children have drawn.
		It should be $2\frac{4}{16}$ not $3\frac{4}{16}$ as $3\frac{4}{16}$ is equivalent to $\frac{52}{16}$ not $\frac{36}{16}$
	2	$1 \ \frac{3}{7} \ & \frac{10}{7} \ , \ 2 \ \frac{1}{7} \ & \frac{15}{7} \ , \frac{36}{16} \ , \ 2 \ \frac{6}{16} \ & \frac{38}{16} \ , \ 3 \ \frac{4}{10} \ , \ 3 \ \frac{5}{9} \ & \frac{32}{9} \ , \ 4 \ \frac{1}{12} \ & \frac{49}{12} \ , \ 5 \ \frac{2}{9} \ & \frac{47}{9} \ ,$
		$5\frac{3}{12} & \frac{63}{12}, 5\frac{4}{5} & \frac{29}{5}, 7\frac{2}{5} & \frac{37}{5}$
70	I	$\frac{5}{6}$ of:
	·	240m = 200m
		15kg = 12.5kg $£63 = £52.50$
		103 - 132.30
		2
		$\frac{2}{3}$ of:
		Im 23cm = 82cm
		£156 = £104
	2	174kg = 116kg
	2a 2b	£50 75cm
	2c	2.5kg
	3a	£36.50
	3b	35cm
	3с	650g or 0.65kg
71	Ια	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>7</sub> m
	lb	3.43m (to 2 dp)
	2α	$8^{\frac{2}{7}}$ , 8.3
	2b	17 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , 17.8
	<b>2</b> c	$5\frac{3}{8}$ , 5.4
72		Mrs Bonus

Page number	Question number		Answers
73		A = 7 (195cm)	F = 10 (187.5cm)
		B = 4 (196cm)	G = 8 (£10.30)
		C = 9 (£10)	H = 2 (191.25cm)
		D = 6 (£10.20)	I = 5 (£9.60)
		E = 3 (£9.90)	J = I (192.5cm)
74	2	25%  In Out  60  15  80  20  120  30  68  17  500  180  375  180  320  96  £1.60  £1.20	
	3	15% 100 15 600 90 £460 £75 1600 240	
	<b>ц</b>	60% 60% £1760 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50 £1.50	
75	I	£345	
	2	£343.75, Superstore	
	3	It doesn't matter – it's the sam	e price in both.

Page number	Question number	Answers
76	la	5 ones or 5
	lb	3 tenths or 0.3
	lc	5 hundredths or 0.05
	ld	3 hundredths or 0.03
	le	9 thousandths or 0.009
	lf	3 tens or 30
	١g	7 ones or 7
	l h	7 tenths or 0.7
	2	X = 4.2
		Y = 4.7
		Z = 4.9
	3 a-d	Check children's answers.
	4 a-e	Check children's answers.
77	Ια	2.225, 2.553, 5.225, 5.552
	lb	0.202, 1.002, 1.221, 2.101
	lc	4.504, 4.554, 5.445, 5.545
	ld	13.367, 13.673, 13.763, 31.352
_	le	23.223, 23.322, 32.332, 33.323
78	lα	3 eggs
		180g of butter
		330g of flour
		180g of currants
		90g of sugar
		90ml of milk
	lb	5 eggs
		300g of butter
		550g of flour
		300g of currants
		I 50g of sugar
		I 50ml of milk
	2α	2
	2b	25g
	2c	250g
	2d	120g
	2e	100ml
79	l I	40%
	2	35%
	3	25%
	4	140
80		Answers will vary.

Page	Question	Answers
number	number	Allswers
81	la	IIkm
	lb	I.8cm
	lc	Check children's drawing
	<b>2</b> a	10m × 12 m
	2b	16:1
82	I	Answers will vary.
	2	Answers will vary.
83	I	60%
	2	18/25
	3	40%
	4	$\frac{3}{15}$ or $\frac{1}{5}$
84		$7c + 3b = 49 + 9 = 58$ $2b = 2 \times 3 = 6$
		$(ba)^2 = 12 \times 12 = 144$ $eb = 9 \times 3 = 27$
		$2d \times 6 = 10 \times 6 = 60$ bc = $3 \times 7 = 21$
		$4e \div 2b = 36 \div 6 = 6$ $e \div b = 9 \div 3 = 3$
		$2d + 6b = 10 + 18 = 28$ $ed = 9 \times 5 = 45$
		$a^2 = 4 \times 4 = 16$
85	1	
85	la	9n
	lb	12y
	lc	$lw = a \text{ or } l \times w = a$
	ld 	n ÷ 7
	le 2a	30
	2b 2c	16 50
	2c 2d	20
	20 2e	80
	2e 2f	300
	2g	2
86	l	13
	2a	17
	2b	51
	3a	46
		108
	3b	100

Page number	Question number	Answers
87	la	19
	lb	40
-	lc	48
-	ld	2
	le	35
	lf	3
	lg	12
	l h	10
	li	21
	lj	26
	2a	3, 7, 11, 5, 9
	2b	2, 4, 6, 3, 5
	2c	2, 8, 14, 5, 11
88	lα	Answers will vary. For example, 7 + 8 = 15
_	lb	Answers will vary. For example, 20 – 8 = 12
	lc	Answers will vary. For example, 20 = 2 × 10
	ld	Answers will vary. For example, $12 \div 4 = 3$
_	le	Answers will vary. For example, 15 = 3 + (2 × 6)
_	lf	Answers will vary. For example, $(2 \times 10) + 5 = 25$
	lg	Answers will vary. For example, $(2 \times 7) - 13 = 1$
-	lh	Answers will vary. For example, $(4 \times 2) + (2 \times 6) = 20$
-	li	Answers will vary. For example, $43 - (4 \times 9) = 7$
_	lj	Answers will vary. For example, $(8 \times 8) - (2 \times 15) = 34$
_	lk	Answers will vary. For example, $48 = (4 \times 3) \times (2 \times 2)$
	II.	Answers will vary. For example, $(6 \times -2) + 11 = -1$
89	la 	85°
-	lb	43°
_	lc	120°
-	ld	100°
	2	a = (-3, 2)
		b = (-5, -3)
		c = (3, 3)
		d = (2, 0)
	3	$w = 12cm^2$
		y = 8cm

Page	Question	A 2222222
number	number	Answers
90	Ια	43, 52, 62
		The amount you add increases by I each time, for example: +5, +6, +7
	lb	14, 8, 5
		The amount you subtract is halved each time.
	lc	64, 81, 100
		The amount you add increases by 2 each time, for example, +11, +13, +15
	ld	8/32, 16/64, 32/128
		The numerator and the denominator doubles each time.
	le	M, S, Z
		You add I more to the number you count on by to get the letter for example, +3 = D, +4 + H, +5 = M
	lf	202, 607, 1822
		You × the previous term by 3 and then add I to get the next number in the sequence.
	<b>2</b> a	Answers will vary.
	2b	Answers will vary.
	2c	Answers will vary.
91	I	The number increases by +2, +3 repeatedly; 15, 17, 20, 22
	<b>2</b> a	The number increases by +4, +3 each time; 18, 21, 25, 28
	2b	The number increases by +6, +3 each time; 24, 27, 33, 36
	<b>2</b> c	The number increases by +7, +5 each time; 31, 36, 43, 48
	3	The numbers decrease by -3, -2 each time; 38, 36, 33, 31
92	lα	25, 27, 35, 36; Rule: Amount added to every even nth term increases by I, amount added to every odd nth term decreases by I
	lb	18, 24, 26, 32; Rule: +2, +6
	lc	15.5, 18, 20.5, 23; Rule: +2.5
	<b>2</b> a	25/8, 30/8, 37/8, 46/8; Rule: Amount added to the numerator increases by I each time for example +2, +3, +4
	2b	0.15, 0.8, 1.45, 2.1, 2.75, 3.4, 4.05, 4.7; Rule: +0.65 each time
	<b>3</b> a	Rectangle
	3b	8
	3c	I thought of each set of shapes as a set of 5 and used this to help work out the answers for example, for 3b $40 \div 5 = 8$

Page number	Question number	Answers
93	Ια	4f
	lb	15 + n
	lc	2g – 2
	ld	5h
	le	3g + 3h
	lf	5x + y
	2	The mystery number multiplied by six and added to two = $6x + 2$
		Two divided by the mystery number = $2 \div x$
		Three more than the mystery number = $x + 3$
		The mystery number added to two then multiplied by $six = 6(x+2)$
		The mystery number divided by two = $x \div 2$
		The mystery number divided by fifty = $x \div 50$
		Fifty divided by the mystery number = 50 ÷ x
		The mystery number multiplied by itself = $x^2$
94		Answers will vary; check children's measurements.
95	I	4cm 3mm, 48mm, 6.5cm, 7cm 8mm, 90mm, 9.8cm
	2	106cm, 1.09m, 1m32cm, 141cm, 1m 58cm, 1.75m
	3	3900m, 4km 86m, 4.75km, 5.002km, 6km 200m, 8003m
96		Answers will vary, check children's measurements.
97	I	A: 250ml; B: 720ml
	<b>2</b> a	X
	2b	I Oml
98	Ιa	1150
	lb	1275
	lc	1850
	ld	2250
	2a	1.75
	2b	2.15
	2c	8.7
	2d	14.6
	<b>3</b> a	1.275
	3b	3.47
	3c	5.5
	3d	12.578
	4a	4,500
	4b	5,900
	4с	12,350
	4d	10,430

Page number	Question number	Answers
99	la	47g, 426g, 0.47kg, 4kg 250g, 0.046 tonne
	Ib	550g, 1.54kg, 0.005 tonne, 5005g, 5kg 50g
	lc	650g, 0.75kg, 1.35kg, 3kg 450g, 0.06 tonne
	2α	3l 570ml, 1.7l, 35cl, 304ml, 0.04l
	2b	3.2l, 315cl, 2l 310ml, 2131ml, 1.23l
	2c	6l 400ml, 4.6l, 4060ml, 65cl, 640ml
100		Answers will vary.
101	I	25 mins
		3:40pm
		3:55pm
		6:05pm
	2	Day I – 4 hours 50 minutes or 290 minutes
	_	Day 2 – 4 hours 50 minutes or 290 minutes
		Day 3 – 6 hours 35 minutes or 395 minutes
		_
-	2	Day 4 – 5 hours 40 minutes or 340 minutes
102	3	11:35am, 5:50pm, 6 hours 15 minutes or 375 minutes
102	2	240,000m
103	<u>Z</u>	Answers will vary, check children's measurements.  Check children's drawings.
103	1 2a	32
-	2b	48
-	20 2c	80
-	2d	24
-	2e	40
-	2f	72
	3a	25
-	3b	37 ½
	3c	12 ½
	3d	9 ½
	3e	34 ½
	3f	47
104	I	Check children's chart, for example, 30 × 2 = 64m, 20 × 3 = 46m
		Biggest perimeter = $60 \times 1 = 122m$
	2	124m

Page number	Question number		Answers	
105		1 = 1	7 = 49	
		2 = 4	8 = 64	
		3 = 9	9 = 81	
		4 = 16	10 = 100	
		5 = 25	11 = 121	
		6 = 36	12 = 144	
	<b>2</b> a	3200cm <sup>2</sup>		
	2b	770,000cm <sup>2</sup> or 7700m	2	
	<b>2</b> c	£847		
	2d	1440 minutes		
106	I	Room $I = 36m^2$	Room $4 = 52m^2$	
		Room $2 = 42m^2$	Room $5 = 39m^2$	
		Room 3 = 52m <sup>2</sup>	Room $6 = 57m^2$	
107	I	27cm <sup>2</sup>		
		24cm <sup>2</sup>		
		27.5cm <sup>2</sup>		
		36cm²		
	2	98cm²		
		78cm²		
		88cm²		
108-109	la	64cm³		
	lb	343cm³		
	lc	216cm³		
	ld	160cm³		
	le	8750mm³		
	lf	I5m³		
	2	I 20cm³		
		2cm		
		2cm		
		I 3cm		
	3	a and b have the same	volume = 360cm³	
		$c = 320 \text{cm}^3$		
		d = 280cm <sup>3</sup>		
	4	All have the same volu	me.	

Page number	Question number	Answers
110-111	la	circumference
	lb	diameter
	lc	radius
	<b>2</b> a	Check children's drawings.
	2b	Check children's drawings.
	2c	Check children's drawings.
	3	The radius is half the diameter.
	4a	Check children's drawings.
	4b	Check children's drawings.
	4с	Check children's drawings.
	5 6	The circumference is roughly 3× the diameter.
		sector Sector Quadrant Semicircle
112	Ια	30°
	lb	72°
	lc	94°
	ld	22°
	le	109°
	lf	127°
	2a-c	Check children's measurements – allow 2° margin of error.
113	la	Right angle
	lb	Acute angle
	lc	Obtuse angle
	ld	Reflex angle
	<b>2</b> a	40°
	2b	128°
	2c	95°
	2d	322°
	2e	60°
	2f	52°

Page number	Question number	Answers	
114	Ια	Check children's drawings.	
	lb	Check children's drawings.	
	lc	Check children's drawings.	
	ld	Check children's drawings.	
	le	Check children's drawings.	
	lf	A - Parallelogram	
		B – Irregular pentagon	
115	I	Check children's drawings.	
	2	Check children's drawings.	
	3	The longest side is always opposite the largest angle.	
	4	They always add up to 180°.	
116	I	Check children's drawings.	
	2	Check children's drawings.	
	3	Check children's drawings.	
117	I	4	
	2	2	
	3	Tetrahedron, Sphere, Square-based pyramid, Cone, Triangular and hexagonal prism	
	4	Cylinder	
	5	Triangular prism	
	6	Answers will vary.	
118		Check children's drawings.	
119	I	Answers will vary.	
	2	Answers will vary.	
	3	Answers will vary.	
120	I	Southwick: Won – 10, Drew – 6, Lost – 4	
		Northport: Won – 14, Drew – 4, Lost - 10	
	2	No because Northport played more games so half of their pie chart is worth 14 matches. This means they won more than Southwick whose half is only representing 10 matches.	
121	I-3	Answers will vary.	
122	I	Red – Highest : 8000, Lowest: I 500	
		Blue – Highest: 5000, Lowest: 1500	
	2	9000	
	3	5000	
	4	2004, 2008	
	5	1992, 2000	
	6	Red party	
	7	It has increased year on year.	
123	I	Check children's drawings.	
	2	Answers will vary.	

Page number	Question number	Answers
124	I	It cannot be the mean because it is lower than every bar on the chart. The mean is adding up all the totals and dividing by the number of items, so it should be above some of the bars.
	2	13
	3	Answers will vary.
	4	6
	5	Answers will vary. For example, 4, 7, 11, 11, 15
125	I	Week 1: 26, 26
		Week 2: 28, 30
		Week 3: 21, 21
		Week 4: 25, 25