## Histograms

(1) The table gives information about the ages of children at a nursery.

| Age ( $a$ years) | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<a \leq 0.5$ | 8 |
| $0.5<a \leq 1$ | 12 |
| $1<a \leq 2$ | 16 |
| $2<a \leq 3$ | 30 |
| $3<a \leq 5$ | 28 |

## NAILTI!

In histograms with class intervals of different widths, frequency density is plotted on the vertical axis. The area of each bar, not the height, represents the frequency.

Frequency (area of bar) $=$ class width (width) $\times$ frequency density (height)

## Work out the frequency

density for each class.

Draw a histogram for the information shown in the table. (4 marks, $\star \star \star \star$ )

(2) The table and histogram show information about the wingspan of canaries in an aviary. Use the histogram to complete the table. (3 marks, $\star \star \star \star$ )


| Wingspan ( $\boldsymbol{w} \mathbf{c m}$ ) | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<w \leq 5$ |  |
| $5<w \leq 10$ | 6 |
| $10<w \leq 15$ | 24 |
| $15<w \leq 25$ | 30 |
| $25<w \leq 40$ |  |

