

Name: _____

- 1 *Contractions* occur when two words are joined to make one word. An *apostrophe* is used to show any missing letters. Read the following passage and replace the underlined words with the appropriate contraction.

"It is () my bear and I have () got to get it back by tomorrow." said Jim.

"If it is () yours then you are not () stealing," said Zelda. "You can not () do any harm getting back what is () yours. Do not () worry about it."

- 2 An *adjective* is a describing word. Complete the table below by filling in all positive, comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives.

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
		oldest
		best
gentle		
proud		
	smarter	
		smallest
	sadder	
green		
	newer	
wise		

- 3 A *collective noun* is the name given to a group of persons or things. A collection of bears is called a *sloth* of bears. A collection of teddy bears is called a *hug* of teddy bears. On the back of this sheet match the nouns in Group A with the collective nouns in Group B. You can use your dictionary.

Group A — whales, bears, dolphins, geese, finches, sparrows, snakes, ships, stars, foxes, sheep

Group B — sloth, fleet, pod, bed, gaggle, galaxy, flock, charm, host, skulk, gam

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- 1 *Homophones* are words that sound the same but have different spelling and meanings. The first passage on p.23 contains many homophones.

"What's wrong with you, Jim? You heard me calling," she scolded.

"I need you to get some things from the grocery store for dinner."

Use words or pictures show that you understand the difference between the homophones. You may use your dictionary.



scolded	scalded
some	sum
for	four
heard	herd
need	knead
you	ewe